

## **M.A. (History)**

### **Program outcome**

1. The M.A. History syllabus structure shall comprise four semesters with four courses in each semester. First paper in each semester is compulsory and rest three papers are optional and fifth are viva voce in each semester. The following are the learning outcomes that we would like to see each History student post graduate with

- To acquaint students with the past and present of India and the World.
- Impart a critical understanding of Indian society, economy, polity, and culture through a historical perspective
- To prepare students for a range of careers
- To stimulate intellectual curiosity and research attitude in the students

- To introduce the various Indian and foreign traditions of history writing
- Capacity to explain how and why important events happen
- Understanding of the historical method of study
- A clear understanding of evidence collected from historical sources
- Critical understanding of developments in historiography
- Knowledge of the history of the India and 20th Century Modern World
- Informed familiarity with multiple cultures and diversity
- Awareness of current historical debates
- Understand the skills that historians use in research

**course outcome**

## **MA Sem 1 paper 1**

### **Indian National movement and thought (1875-1919)AD**

They can understand during to hundred years rule of the British power in this land, how the society, politics, religion and economy had changed. Rise and growth of nationalism and birth of Indian National congress and how to rise of the National Movement for freedom.

They will acquire knowledge about the freedom struggle before Gandhian age.

### **paper 2 History of Delhi sultanat (1206-1320)AD**

Students of history will learn about the foundation, expansion and consolidation of the Sultanate of Delhi starting from Turki envansion till khilzi dynasty.

### **paper 3 History of china and Japan(1840-1900)AD**

Students will learn about the nature and structure of the traditional Chinese and Japanese society and how to transform from traditional to modern cultures. They can also learn about how the strong countries of the World were captured the Chinese and Japanese society, culture and economy during the nineteenth century. They will be aware how the Chinese and Japanese were united towards the foreign colonial powers and defeated them and ultimately gain to freedom.

#### **paper 4 History of Europe(1789-1815)AD**

They will learn about the French Revolution and its impact of European countries. Unity and power makes people to strength which has showed in the French revolution in 1789. After revolution how Napoleon chang the map of europe and various events takes place.

#### **sem 2**

## **paper 1 Indian National movement and thought (1919-1947)**

In this paper student learn about the Gandhian era non cooperation movement ,quit India movement etc .They can acquire knowledge how to rise of Gandhis power in Indian politics and his activities towards the freedom like, Rowlatt Satyagraha, Khilafat and Non-cooperation movement, The Swarajya party, Poona Pact, Civil Disobedience Movement, Quit India Movement. They also learn how to raise communal politics and opposition politics on the eve of the freedom movement in India and aftermath of partition in India.

## **paper 2 History of Delhi sultanat (1320-1526)AD**

Student will learn how the foundation, expansion and consolidation of the Delhi Sultanate had established under Tughlaqs, Syed, Lodhi and the nature of the state, nobility and under the Ulemas in medieval India.They

can learn about the activities of Delhi Sultanate i.e., revenue systems monetization, market regulations, growth of urban centers, trade and commerce, Indian Ocean trade etc.

### **paper 3 Development of art in medieval india(1200-1700)AD**

Students will learn about the Indian art and architecture in medieval india . in order to understand and appreciate its diversity and its aesthetic richness. As well as student will equip with the abilities to understand art as a medium of cultural expression during Delhi sultanat and Mughal empire.

### **paper 4 History of china and Japan(1900-1945)AD**

Students will aware about the 1911 revolution of china and emergence of the communist party of China and it's affected to the entire Asian countries. They will learn how the Chinese Republic came out from colonial pressure and

bondage. As well as they will gather knowledge about the emergence of Japan as military state of East Asia on the eve of the World War-II this had influenced to the World War-II and also know the role of china and Japan during first and second world war.

### **Sem 3**

#### **paper 1 Indian historiography 1**

Student learn about the defination of history, scope,bais and purpose of history Compare the uses and abuses of history Analyse the contributions of various Indian Historians during Delhi sultanat.

#### **paper 2 political history of India (1526-1565)AD**

After the downfall of the Delhi Sultanate how the Mughal dynasty had come to power in India. They can acquire knowledge about the polity, economy, Religion, and Society upto 1565.

### **paper 3 Economic history of Delhi sultanat(1200-1526)AD**

In this paper student learn about various economic system ekta ,revenue system bajarsystem under Delhi sultanat.

### **paper 4 History of europe(1815+1871)AD**

This paper deals with changes of Europe after the French Revolution and political changes in the countries like Prussia, Italy and Russia etc. This paper gives an idea about the rise of nationalism in Europe, consequences and results of 1st and 2nd World War.

## **sem 4**

### **paper 1 Indian historiography 2**

In this paper student learn about the analyse the contributions of various Indian Historians during Mughal era and various schools of historiography like allahabad school ,Aligarh school etc and also learn about dalit historiography and various views.



## **paper 2 political history of India(1526 - 1657)AD**

Students will learn about the Mughal Indian society, economy and culture after consolidation of the Mughal rule India during the Akber jahaangeer,shahjahaan and aurangjeb.

## **paper 3 political history of later Mughal (1707-1740)AD**

Students of history will learn how to raise regional powers in India after the downfall of the Mughal Empire and in the course of time how to rise of the Company's rule in India. They can understand during to hundred years rule of the British power in this land, how the society, politics, religion and economy.

## **paper 4 Economic history of Mughal india (1526-1740)AD**

In this paper student learn about the economic changes during Akber and after that. they also

learn In this duration British accupied more land and they changes various revanue system etc.

  
प्रधान्ये

डेव्यती नंदन बहुमुष्ठा राजकीय  
स्नातकोत्तर महाविद्यालय  
नेनी-प्रयागराज